

Blue Print of BEE Paper

Theory Examination:

1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2. Total 4 questions need to be solved.
3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 3 marks will be Asked

1	a	Source Transformation, Star-Delta Transformation	(03 marks)
	b	Superposition Theorem Thevenin's Theorem, Norton's Theorem, Maximum Power Transfer Theorem	(03 marks)
	c	Generation of Alternating Voltage and Currents, RMS and Average Value, Form factor , Crest factor, AC through Resistance, Inductance and Capacitance	(03 marks)
	d	Series and Parallel Resonance, Q-factor and Bandwidth	(03 marks)
	e	Three Phase Voltage and Current Generation, Star and Delta connections (Balanced Load Only), Relationship between Phase and Line Currents and Voltages, Phasor Diagrams	(02 marks)
	g	Semiconductor Diode, Diode rectifier with Resistive Load, Half Wave, Full Wave–Center Tapped and Bridge Configuration, RMS value and Average Value of Output Voltage, Ripple factor, Rectification Efficiency	(02 marks)
2	a	Kirchhoff 's Laws, Mesh and Nodal Analysis	(06 marks)
	b	R-L , R-C and R-L-C Series and Parallel Circuits, Phasor Diagrams , Power and Power Factor.	(08 marks)
	c	Construction, Working Principle, EMF equation, Ideal and Practical Transformer, Transformer on No Load and on Load, Phasor Diagrams.	(06 marks)
3	a	Three Phase Voltage and Current Generation, Star and Delta connections (Balanced Load Only), Relationship between Phase and Line Currents and Voltages, Phasor Diagrams.	(08 marks)
	b	Equivalent Circuit, O.C. and S.C Test, Efficiency (06 marks)	
	c	Introduction to C and L filter (No Derivation) (02 marks)	
	d	CE,CB CC Transistor configuration, CE input-output characteristics	(04 marks)
4	a	Source transformation, star-delta transformation	(07marks)
	b	Generation of alternating voltage and current, RMS and average value, form factor, crest factor ,AC through resistance, inductance and capacitance	(05marks)

c	Measurement of power by two wattmeter method	(04marks)
d	Semiconductor diod , Diod rectifier with resistive load , Half wave, full wave-centre tapped and bridge configuration, RMS value and average value of output voltage, Ripple factor,Rectification efficiency	(04 marks)
a	Thevenins theorem, Norton's theorem, Maximum power transform theorem	(08 marks)
b	R-L,R-C, and R-L-C series and parallel circuit, phasor diagram, power and power factor	(04 marks)
c	Equivalent circuit S.C and O.C. Test, Efficiency	(08 marks)
a	Superposition theorem	(07 marks)
b	Series and parallel resonance ,Q-factor and bandwidth	(07marks)
c	Measurement of power by two wattmeter method	(06 marks)



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